**"IMPROVING GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT OF** LAKES IN KURZEME AND NORTH LITHUANIA" (LIVE LAKE) **FINAL CONFERENCE** 

### HOW TO COMMUNICATE FOR NATURE IN THE AGE OF INFORMATION OVERLOAD

Liene Brizga-Kalniņa Latvian Fund for Nature Communications 09.02.2023.

# What are our goals? What is our purpose? WHY?



### CHANGE THE CURRENT SITUATION

Improve efficiency of nature capital management Restore habitats Ensure species conservation Mitigate climate change



### **BIODIVERSITY CRISIS, CLIMATE CRISIS, ECOLOGICAL CRISIS**

We are loosing the very foundation of our existence, lives and wellbeing. We are wasting and depleting resources and creating a less inhabitable Earth.

# Ecological, biodiversity and climate crisis situation

International agreements **Strategies** Legislation Policies **Actions and projects** 

**Interaction with people** 

Social groups **Stakeholders** Institutions **Organisations** 

Rough timeline	Framing of conservation	Key ideas	Science underpinning
	0001 0001 0001 0001 0001 0001 0001 000	Species Wilderness Protected areas	Species, habitats and wildlife ecology
	000 Nature despite people	Extinction, threats and threatened species Habitat loss Pollution Overexploitation	Population biology, natural resource management
	Solution   Solution   Solution	Ecosystems Ecosystem approach Ecosystem services Economic values	Ecosystem functions, environmental economics
	People and nature	Environmental change Resilience Adaptability Socioecological systems	Interdisciplinary, social and ecological sciences

Changing views of nature and conservation. Over the past 50 years, the prevailing view of conservation has changed several times, resulting, for example, in a shift in emphasis from species to ecosystems. None of the framings has been eclipsed as new ones have emerged, resulting in multiple framings in use today.



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Georgina Mace Whose conservation?



# Nature and environmental conservation 30 years ago:

### 80% expert work 20% work with people



### TODAY

# 80% work with people 20% expert work



### ROLE OF COMMUNICATION IN MY WORK

Very important

Somewhat important

Not very important



### COMMUNICATION IN MY DAILY WORK

I am communicator

Occasionaly

Very rarely

### WHAT IS COMMUNICATION

Cooperation Discussion Involvment

Active relationships that an needed to achieve change



# Current communication trends



### 20 years ago

Communication environment: One directional communication

Communication approaches: Provide information, educate, raise awareness

I TALK - YOU LISTEN

# TODAY



Source: Lori Lewis via AllAccess

### statista 🖌



## ATTENTION ECONOMY

"Monkey brain" is overwhelmed We are all competing for attention People are not hostile or uneducated

# WHAT IS "IN"

People are looking for experiences, not products



Authenticity









### "I can relate"



# DIVERSITY

Language diversity: written, visual, audial, video

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Channel diversity: from regional newspapers to TikTok



**Diversity of opinions** 







Wild nature esthetics



Lack of patience here and now, FOMO



Urban dwellers go closer to nature



Issue polarisation





### Power of local communities



### **Constant CRISIS**

# NATURE COMMUNICATION

- Crisis communication
- Horizontally integrated meta field
- Connects social, political, economic contexts and interests
- It's subject existencial issues of humankind

# PEOPLE AND NATURE

- Value based communication that is grounded in certain understanding of nature Relationship between people and nature is complex and individual
- Who owns the discourse? Who is right about nature? Who's nature is the one we want to protect?

### communication is not what is said, but what is heard



# NATURE COMMUNICATION GOALS

- To change behaviour
- To changes values
- To impact decision makers and political actors
- To ensure change communication
- To implement nature protection measures and actions

### PURPOSE: TO PROTECT AND MAINTAIN NATURE VALUES

# **OUR PITFALLS**

- Keeping with the traditional model more facts! More information!
- "Project trap"
- Gap between two realities the official/institutional and local
- Talking about the "nice and fuzzy" stuff
- Working with children as priority
- Fight mode
- Lack of strategic communication



# **OUR CHALLANGES**

- Political aspect of nature conservation
- Various attitudes towards "green" actions
- Conflict area
- Value-action gap
- Problems with educational system and content
- Greenwashing
- Invisibility of issues (e.g. biodiversity loss)
- Visibility of actions (e.g. restrictions)
- Lack of connection between local issues and the big issue





# WHAT WORKS

- Knowing your audience empathy
- Select your channels/language according to your audience
- Good news
- Interesting facts and figures
- Large fuzzy mammals charismatic species





# Successful communication - strategic communication

### STRATEGIC COMMUNICATION

We plan action first, then communication. Work before/behind words.

Keep in mind the purpose - all communication is linked to purpose and supports it, we can trace back to purpose every communication activity

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We plan long term and communicate consistently, and we are dedicated to communication.



### STRATEGIC COMMUNICATION

### **Empathy**

**O2** Solid fact basis

**O3** Partnerships, alliances



# THANK YOU PALDIES ĂČIŪ

liene.brizga@ldf.lv

